

Edition Eulenburg

Dedicated to H. M. Queen Victoria
of Great Britain and Ireland

SYMPHONY No. 3

A minor

(Scotch Symphony)

by

Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy

Op. 56

First performed on 3rd March 1842, at Leipzig, Gewandhaus
Mendelssohn conducting

With Foreword by Max Alberti



MUS
MS.
M1001
.M53
no. 3

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Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Symphony No. 3 (Scotch) Op. 56

There may be a divided opinion, whether or not the number attributed to this symphony is correct. On the one hand those denoted as First and Second deserve hardly to be taken into account, the First being an early work, which by the composer himself was no more performed nor recognised, while the Second was only a symphonic prelude to the chorus work "Lobgesang"; on the other hand the Fourth, although begun later and bearing a higher opus-figure, was earlier finished and performed. This contradictory chronology results from the long space of time between beginning and achievement of our work; after the first designs it was put aside for at least 10 years. Decisive for the numeration was the fact, that it was published earlier than the Fourth, which did not appear before several years after Mendelssohn's death, the Opus figures depending upon the range of publication.

The first inspiration to our work arose on a trip through Scotland, when Mendelssohn, accompanied by his friend Carl Klingemann visited the castle Holyrood at Edinburgh on July 30th, 1829. The history of the castle reaching back into the middle ages and partially gloomy is the reason for the dim mood prevailing in a big part of the work. In a letter to his family he describes the rotten condition of the castle contrasting with the serene summery sky, and he adds: "I believe to have found to-day the beginning of my Scotch Symphony." He began the work during the winter 1830/1, which he spent in Rome; a letter of November 23rd says that he is willing to write

Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Symphonie No. 3 (Schottische), Op. 56

Man könnte verschiedener Meinung sein, ob die Zahl, die diese Symphonie trägt, richtig ist oder nicht. Einerseits verdienen diejenigen, die als erste und zweite bezeichnet werden, kaum, mitgezählt zu werden—die erste war ein Jugendwerk, das von ihm selbst gar nicht mehr aufgeführt und anerkannt wurde, während die zweite nur ein symphonisches Vorspiel zu dem Chorwerk "Lobgesang" war—; andererseits ist die vierte, obgleich sie später begonnen wurde und eine höhere Opuszahl trägt, früher beendet und aufgeführt. Diese unklare Chronologie kommt daher, dass zwischen Anfang und Beendigung unseres Werkes eine grobe Zeitspanne lag; das Werk blieb nach den ersten Anfängen über zehn Jahre liegen. Entscheidend für die Zählung wurde der Umstand, dass es früher als die Vierte verlegt wurde, die erst mehrere Jahre nach Mendelssohns Tode erschien, während die Opus-Zahlen durch die Reihenfolge des Erscheinens bestimmt werden.

Die erste Anregung dazu kam auf einer Reise durch Schottland, wo Mendelssohn am 30. Juli, 1829, in Begleitung seines Freundes Carl Klingemann das Schloss Holyrood in Edinburgh besuchte. Die ins Mittelalter zurückreichende, teilweise düstere Geschichte des Schlosses ist die Ursache der trüben Stimmung, die durch einen grossen Teil des Werkes zieht. In einem Brief an seine Familie schildert er den verfallenen Charakter des Schlosses, das sich von dem heiteren, sommerlichen Himmel abhebt, und fügt hinzu: "ich glaube, ich habe heute den Anfang meiner Schottischen Symphonie

the A minor-Symphony. However he put it aside, as it did not suit to the bright southern world. Moreover his attention was now concentrated on the Italian Symphony he had also begun in the time; and in a letter of March 29th, 1831, he emphasises expressly, "to be compelled to put aside the Scotch Symphony, being unable to be carried back into the Scotch hazy scene." Not until 10 years later, the ideas having ripened meanwhile, he tackled the completion; it took place in January, 1842. Among the subjects used the tune of the Scherzo deserves mention. This movement is based on an old Scotch bag-piper's melody without fourths and sevenths.

The première took place under Mendelssohn's leadership on March 3rd, 1842, in a subscription concert of the Gewandhaus, Leipzig, and had such a success, that already in the following concert on March 17th, the work was repeated, the theatre Kapellmeister K. Bach conducting, after Mendelssohn had undertaken some alterations. Soon after the latter started to a concert trip to England and on June 13th performed the work in the Philharmonic Society, London, where the success was also outstanding and encouraged him to offer the dedication to the Queen, who was specially interested in his music and thus accepted it.

So far all readings took place after the manuscript; it was not before February, 1843, that the work was issued in score and parts by Breitkopf & Härtel of Leipzig.

As an innovation Mendelssohn made the attempt, "to eliminate the pauses between the movements as killing the temper." He made play the work without an interruption, although the movements were not connected by transitions. The idea did not succeed then—apart from a

gefunden." Er begann die Arbeit im Winter 1830/1, den er in Rom verlebte; ein Brief vom 23. Nov., sagt, dass er die A moll-Symphonie schreiben will. Er liess sie aber liegen, da sie in die heitere, südliche Welt nicht hineinpasste. Dazu kam, dass sich sein Interesse jetzt auf die inzwischen ebenfalls begonnene Italienische Symphonie konzentrierte; und in einem Brief vom 29. März. 1831. erklärt er ausdrücklich, die Schottische Symphonie "liegen lassen zu müssen, weil er sich nicht in die schottische Nebelstimmung zurückversetzen könne." Erst nach 10 Jahren hat er sich, nachdem inzwischen die Ideen gereift waren, an die Vollendung gemacht; sie erfolgte im Januar, 1842. Unter den verwendeten Themen verdient die Melodie des Scherzo besondere Erwähnung; es liegt diesem Satz eine alte, schottische Sackpfeifermelodie zu Grunde, ohne Quarten und Septimen.

Die Erstaufführung fand unter Mendelssohns Leitung am 3. März, 1842, in einem Abonnements-Konzert im Gewandhaus zu Leipzig statt und gefiel so, dass das Werk bereits im folgenden Konzert, am 17. März, unter dem Theater-Kapellmeister K. Bach wiederholt wurde, nachdem Mendelssohn inzwischen einige Änderungen vorgenommen hatte. Bald darauf trat dieser eine Konzertreise nach England an und führte das Werk in der Philharmonic Society in London am 13. Juni auf, wo der Erfolg ebenfalls sehr gross war, sodass Mendelssohn wagen konnte, der Königin, die für seine Musik besonderes Interesse hatte, die Widmung anzubieten; sie wurde von ihr angenommen. Alle bisherigen Aufführungen fanden nach dem Manuskript statt; das Werk erschien erst im Februar 1843, in Partitur und Stimmen im Verlag von Breitkopf & Härtel in Leipzig.

Neuartig ist Mendelssohns Versuch.

few exceptions, thereamong Schumann's coincident D-minor-Symphony, which however contained real transitions. The 20th century only did bring the general accomplishment of this usage, certainly much to the advantage of the coherent impression of a musical work with several movements.

DR. MAX ALBERTI.

"mit den stimmungsmordenden Pausen zwischen den Sätzen aufzuräumen." Er liess das Werk, wenn auch die Sätze nicht durch Übergänge verbunden waren, ohne Unterbrechung durchspielen. Der Gedanke hat sich damals nicht durchgesetzt—mit ganz wenigen Ausnahmen, worunter z.B. Schumanns etwa gleichzeitige D moll-Symphonie, bei der jedoch wirkliche Übergänge bestanden—. Erst das 20. Jahrhundert hat die allgemeine Durchführung dieser Praxis gebracht, sicher sehr zum Vorteil der geschlossenen Wirkung des mehrsätzigen Kunstwerks.

DR. MAX ALBERTI



Symphony No. 3

1

I.

Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Op. 56

Andante con moto M.M. ♩ = 72

1809-1847

2 Flauti

2 Oboi

2 Clarinetti in A

2 Fagotti

I II in C
4 Corni

III IV in E

2 Trombe in D

Timpani in A-E

Andante con moto M.M. ♩ = 72

Violino I

Violino II

Viola

Violoncello
e Contrabasso

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10

Fl. *p* *a 2*

Ob. *f* *p* *dim.* *pp*

Cl. *f* *p* *dim.* *pp*

Fg. *f* *p* *dim.* *pp*

Cor. (C) *f* *p* *dim.* *pp*

Cor. (E) *p* *dim.* *pp*

Vla. *f* *p* *dim.* *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *p* *f* *dim.* *p* *dim.* *pp*

20

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. *a 2*

VI. I *f* *sf* *p* *cresc.* *sf* *p* *f* *sf* *p*

VI. II *f* *sf* *p* *cresc.* *sf* *p* *f* *sf* *p*

Vla. *p*

Fg.
 VI. I
 VI. II
 Vlc.
 Cb.

f p
f dim.
p
p



Fl.
 Cl.
 Fg.
 Cor.
 (E)
 VI. I
 VI. II
 Vla.
 Vlc.
 Cb.

pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp

cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.

30

Fl. *sf molto cresc.* *f* *cresc.*

Ob. *sf molto cresc.* *f* *cresc.* *p*

Cl. *sf molto cresc.* *f* *cresc.*

Fg. *sf molto cresc.* *f* *cresc.* *p*

Cor. (C) *molto cresc.* *f* *p*

Cor. (E) *molto cresc.* *f*

Tr. (D) *pp*

Timp. *pp*

Vi. I *f* *p*

Vi. II *f* *p*

Vla. *sf molto cresc.* *f* *cresc.* *p*

Vlc. *sf molto cresc.* *f* *cresc.* *p*

Cb. 30 *sf molto cresc.* *f* *cresc.* *sf* *p*

Fl. *cresc.* *f*

Ob. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Cl. *cresc.* *f*

Fg. *cresc.* *f* *fp*

Cor. (C) *cresc.* *f* *a 2^a p*

Cor. (E) *p*

Tr. (D) *cresc.* *f*

Timp. *tr* *cresc.* *f*

VI. I *cresc.* *f* *p*

VI. II *cresc.* *f* *p*

Vla. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Vlc. *cresc.* *f* *fp*

Cb. *cresc.* *f* *p*

40

7

Fl. *al* *ff* *sf* *dim.*

Ob. *al* *ff* *sf* *dim.*

Cl. *al* *ff* *sf* *dim.*

Fg. *al* *ff* *sf*

(C) Cor. *al* *ff* *sf*

(E) Cor. *al* *ff* *sf*

Tr. (D) *ff* *sf*

Vi. I *sf* *ff* *trem.* *sf*

Vi. II *sf* *ff* *trem.* *sf*

Vla. *al* *ff* *trem.* *sf*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *trem. sf*

p *dim.*

50

Fl. *p* *dim.*

Ob. *p*

Cl. *p*

Fg. *p*

(C) Cor. *p*

(E) Cor. *p*

Vi. I *p* *dim.* *sf* *pp*

Vla. *p*

Ob. *p*

Cl. *p*

Fg. *p*

Cor. (C) *p*

Cor. (E) *p*

Vl. I *sf dim. p pp*

Vl. II *pp*

Vla. *p sf dim. p pizz. p*

Vlc. e Cb. *p*

Fl. *ten. 80*

Ob. *dim. 1. p dim. pp*

Cl. *dim. p dim. pp*

Fg. *dim. p dim. pp*

Cor. (C) *dim. 1. p*

Cor. (E) *dim. p*

Vl. I *dim. p dim. pp*

Vl. II *dim. p dim. pp*

Vla. *dim. p dim. pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *dim. p dim. pp*

Allegro un poco agitato $\text{♩} = 100$

1.

Cl. *pp* *sempre pp*

VI. I *pp* *sempre pp*

VI. II *pp* *sempre pp*

Vla. *pp* *arco* *sempre pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp* *sempre pp*

1. 70

Cl.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

1.

Cl. *sempre pp*

VI. I *sempre pp*

VI. II *sempre pp*

Vla. *sempre pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *sempre pp*

1.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.
(E)

3. *pp*

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

Cb.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(C)
Cor.
(E)

Vl. I

Vl. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

pp

p

cresc.

Fl. *a2* *sempre più cresc.*

Ob. *sempre più cresc.*

Cl. *a2* *sempre più cresc.*

Fg. *sempre più cresc.*

(C) *sempre più cresc.*

Cor. (E) *sempre più cresc.*

VI. I *sempre più cresc.*

VI. II *sempre più cresc.*

Vla. *sempre più cresc.*

Vlc. *sempre più cresc.*

Cb. *sempre più cresc.*

Fl. *a2* *cresc.*

Ob. *a2* *cresc.*

Cl. *a2* *cresc.*

Fg. *a2* *cresc.*

(C) *a2* *cresc.*

Cor. (E) *a2* *cresc.*

VI. I *cresc.*

VI. II *cresc.*

Vla. *cresc.*

Vlc. *cresc.*

e Cb. *cresc.*

al

100
Assai animato $\text{♩} = 120$

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Fg. *ff*

(C) *ff*

Cor. *ff*

(E) *ff*

Tr. (D) *ff*

Timp. *ff*

Assai animato $\text{♩} = 120$

Vi. I *ff*

Vi. II *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff*

110

Fl. *a2* *f*

Ob. *a2* *f*

Cl. *a2* *f*

Fg. *a2*

Cor. *a2*

Tr. (D) *a2* *f*

Timp.

VI. I *f*

VI. II *f*

Vla. *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *f*

Fl. *a 2*
ff sf sf
 Ob.
ff sf sf
 Cl.
ff sf sf
 Fg.
ff sf sf
 Cor.
a 2
ff sf
 Tr.
 (D)
sf sf
 Timp.
tr
ff sf
 Vl. I
ff sf
 Vl. II
ff sf
 Vla.
f sf
 Vlc. & Cb.
ff sf

120
a 2

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

ff

1.

p

1.

mf

Cor. (C)

Cor. (E)

Tr. (D)

cresc.

ff

pp

Timp.

tr

ff

VI.I

VI.II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

ff

pizz.

p

Fl. *p*

Cl. *1.*

Cor. *3. 4.*

VI. I *cantabile*

VI. II *p*

Vla. *p*

Vlc. *arco p*

Cb. *arco p*

Fl. *p* *capress.*

Cl. *p*

Fg. *1. p*

VI. I *sf* *pp*

VI. II *sf* *pp*

Vla. *sf* *pp*

Vlc. *sf* *pp*

Cb. *sf* *pp*

140

The first system of the musical score for 'The Swan of Tuonela' includes parts for Flute I (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Trumpet (Tr. (D)), Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score is written in E-flat major (three flats) and 4/4 time. The first measure is marked with a first ending bracket. Dynamic markings include *sf* (sforzando), *pp* (pianissimo), and *dim.* (diminuendo). The system concludes with a measure marked 150 and a final measure marked 17.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(C)
Cor.

(E)
Tr.

(D)
Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

160

Fl. *a 2*
 Ob. *a 2*
 Cl. *a 2*
 Fg. *a 2*
 Cor. (C) *a 2*
 Cor. (E) *a 2*
 Tr. (D) *a 2*
 Timp.
 Vl. I
 Vl. II
 Vla.
 Vlc. e Cb.

sf
sf
sf
sf
f
f
f
f
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
sf
div.
più f
più f
più f

170

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(c)
Cor.

(E)
Tr.
(D)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.

Tr.

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

180

Fl. *sf* *p*

Ob. *sf* *p*

Cl. *sf* *p*

Fg. *a 2* *sf* *p*

(C)
Cor. *p*

(B)
Tr. *f*

(D)

Timp. *f* *p*

VI. I *sf* *p* *p*

VI. II *p* *p*

Vla. *p*

Vlc. e Cb. *fp*

190

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.

(C)

(E)

Tr.

(D)

Timp.

VI. I.

VI. II.

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

p

p

1. p dim.

pdim.

pp

pp

sf

p dim.

sempre dim.

sf

p dim.

dim.

dim.

Fl. *pp* 1. 200

Ob. *pp* 1.

Cl. *p*

Fg. *pp*

Cor. (C) *pp*

Cor. (E) *pp*

Tr. (D) 1. *pp*

Timp.

VI. I. *pp*

VI. II. *pp*

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb. *dim.* *sempre*

1.

Fl. *perdendosi*

Ob. *perdendosi*

Cl. *pp*

Cor. (C) *perdendosi*

Cor. (E) *perdendosi*

Timp. *perdendosi*

Vi. I. *perdendosi* *pp*

Vi. II. *perdendosi* *pp*

Vla. *perdendosi* *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp*

1. 2. 210

Fl. *pp* *p*

Cl. *pp* *p*

Fg. *pp* *p*

Cor. (C) *p*

Cor. (E) *p*

Vi. I. *pp* *sempre pp*

Vi. II. *pp* *sempre pp*

Vla. *pp* *sempre pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp* *sempre pp*

220

Fl. *pp* *pp* *p*

Ob. *p*

Cl. *pp* *pp* *p*

Fg. *pp* *pp* *p*

Cor. (C) *pp* *pp*

Cor. (E) *pp* *pp*

Tr. (D) *pp* *pp* *p*

Timp. *p*

VI. I. *pp*

VI. II. *pp*

Vla. *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp*

Detailed description: This page of a musical score covers measures 219 to 222. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.), with dynamics ranging from *pp* to *p*. The brass section consists of Cor Anglais (Cor. C), Cor Anglais (Cor. E), and Trumpet (Tr. D), also with dynamics from *pp* to *p*. The percussion section features a Timpani (Timp.) part with a *p* dynamic. The string section includes Violin I (VI. I.), Violin II (VI. II.), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.), all playing with a *pp* dynamic. The score is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. Measures 219 and 220 show complex woodwind and brass patterns, while measure 221 features a prominent timpani roll. Measure 222 concludes the section with sustained notes in the woodwinds and strings.

Fl. *cresc.*

Ob. *cresc.*

Cl. *cresc.*

Fg. *a 2 cresc.*

Cor. (C) *cresc.*

Cor. (E) *a 2 cresc.*

Tr. (D) *cresc.*

Timp. *cresc.*

VI. I *cresc.*

VI. II *cresc.*

Vla. *cresc.*

Vlc. e Cb. *cresc.*

Detailed description: This page of a musical score covers measures 228, 229, and 230. The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) and the brass section (Trumpet in C, Trumpet in E, Trombone in D) all play a melodic line with a crescendo. The strings (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello and Double Bass) provide a rhythmic accompaniment with a similar crescendo. The percussion section includes a snare drum (Trompette) and a timpani (Timp.) playing a steady eighth-note pattern. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is written for a full orchestra.

Fl. *f cresc.* *ff* *sf*

Ob. *f cresc.* *ff* *sf*

Cl. *f cresc.* *ff* *sf*

Fg. *f cresc.* *ff* *sf*

Cor. *f cresc.* *ff* *sf p*

Tr. *f cresc.* *ff* *sf*

Timp. *f cresc.* *f* *cresc.*

Vl. I *f* *ff* *sf*

Vl. II *f* *ff* *sf*

Vla. *f* *ff* *sf*

Vlc. e Cb. *f* *ff* *sf*

This image shows a page of a musical score, specifically measures 240 through 244. The score is for a full orchestra and includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Cor (C), Violin I (V.I.), Violin II (V.II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The music is in 4/4 time and features a variety of instruments playing different parts. The Flute and Oboe parts are marked 'cantabile' and '1.' (first ending). The Clarinet part is marked '1. 2.' (first and second endings). The Violin I and II parts are marked 'p' (piano) and 'cresc.' (crescendo). The Viola and Violoncello/Double Bass parts are also marked 'p' and 'cresc.'. The score includes dynamic markings such as 'p' (piano), 'cresc.' (crescendo), and 'f' (forte). The tempo/mood is indicated as 'cantabile'.

This musical score page contains measures 259 and 260 of the opera 'The Marriage of Figaro'. The score is for a full orchestra and includes parts for the following instruments:

- Ob. (Oboe)
- Cl. (Clarinet)
- Fg. (Fagott/Bassoon)
- Tr. (D) (Trumpet in D)
- Timp. (Timpani)
- VL I (Violin I)
- VL II (Violin II)
- Vla. (Viola)
- Vlc. e Cb. (Violoncello and Contrabass)

The score is written in 4/4 time and features a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music is characterized by a steady, rhythmic pattern in the lower strings and woodwinds, with a crescendo leading into a powerful fortissimo (f) section in the final measures. Dynamic markings include *cresc.*, *f*, and *sf*. The page number 260 is visible at the bottom center.

This image shows a page of a musical score, numbered 260 at the top center. The score is for measures 259 and 260. The instruments listed on the left are Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Horn (Cor. (C)), Trumpet (Tr. (D)), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (VLI), Violin II (VLI), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Double Bass (Cb.). The score is written in 4/4 time. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The music features various dynamics such as *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), and *dim.* (diminuendo). The notation includes eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and slurs. The page is numbered 260 at the top center.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor. (C)

Tr. (D)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

f *sf* *sfz* *ff*

a 2

piu f

ff

280

Fl. *f*

Ob. *f*

Cl. *f*

Fg. *f*

(C) *f*

Cor. *f*

(E) *f* a 2

Tr. (D) *f* *ff*

Timp. *ff*

VI. I *f*

VI. II *f*

Vla. *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *f*

Fl. *a 2* *ff* *a 2* 290 *f* *sf*

Ob. *ff* *a 2* *f* *f*

Cl. *ff* *f* *f*

Fg. *a 2* *ff* *f* *f*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *ff*

Tr. (D) *ff*

Timp.

VI. I *ff*

VI. II *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff* *ff*

Fl. *p*

Ob.

Cl. *p*

Fg. *a 2 sf pp*

Cor. (C) *1. sf pp*

Cor. (E) *pp*

Tr. (D)

Timp. *tr* *pp*

VI. I *sf p*

VI. II *sf p*

Vla. *sf p*

Vlc. e Cb. *sf fp*

300

Fl. *p*

Ob. *p*

Cl. *p* 1.

Fg. *p* 1.

Cor. (C) 1.

Cor. (E)

Tr. (D) *p* *dim.*

Timp. *dim.*

VI. I *p*

VI. II

Vla. *p* *pizz.*

Vlc. e Cb.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 34, numbered 300. It contains staves for various instruments. The Flute (Fl.) and Oboe (Ob.) parts have a melodic line starting in measure 300, marked *p*. The Clarinet (Cl.) and Bassoon (Fg.) parts have a similar melodic line starting in measure 302, also marked *p*. The Horns (Cor.) and Trumpets (Tr.) have a rhythmic accompaniment. The Timpani (Timp.) part has a rhythmic pattern. The Violins (VI. I, VI. II) and Viola (Vla.) parts have a melodic line. The Violoncello and Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.) part has a rhythmic accompaniment. The score is in 4/4 time and features various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

310

Fl. *dim.*

Ob. *1. dim.*

Fg. *1. dim.*

Tr. (D)

Timp. *pp*

VI. I *p dim.*

VI. II *p dim.*

Vla. *p dim.*

Vlc. e Cb.

Fl. *pp*

Cl. *pp*

VI. I *pp*

VI. II *pp*

Vla. *arco pp*

Vlc. *p cantabile*

Cb.

Fl. *dim.*

Cl. *dim.*

Fg.

Cor. (C) *p*

VI. I *dimin.*

VI. II *dimin.*

Vla. *dimin.*

Vlc. *f* *p*

Cb. *dimin.*



Fl.

Cl. *1.*

Fg. *pp*

Cor. (C) *1.* *2. pp*

VI. I *pp*

VI. II *pp*

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

1. 340

Cl.

VI.I

VI.II

Vla. *pp*

Vlc. *pp* arco

Cb. *pp*

1.

Cl.

VI.I

VI.II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

850

1.

Fl. *pp*

Fg. *decresc.* *dim.*

Cor. (C) *decresc.* *p* *dim.*

Cor. (E) *decresc.* *dim.*

VI. I. *dim.* *pp*

VI. II. *dim.* *pp*

Vla. *dim.*

Vlc. *dim.* *pp* *p*

Cb. *dim.* *pp* *p*

380

Fl. 1.

Cl. 1.

Fg. *pp* *p* *pp*

Cor. 3. 4. *p*

Tr. (D) *pp* *p*

Tin. p. *p*

VI. I. *div.*

VI. II. *div.*

Vla. *div.*

Vlc. *cresc.*

Cb. *cresc.*

1.

Fl.

Cl.

Fg.

(C)
Cor.

(E)
Tr.

Timp.

Vl. I.

Vl. II.

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

870

1.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Tr.
(D)

Vl. I.

Vl. II.

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

pp cre - - - scen - - - do

pp cre - - - scen - - - do

pp cre - - - scen - - - do

pp cre - - - scen - - - do

pp cre - - - scen - - - do

pp cre - - - scen - - - do

cresc.

cresc.

380

Fl. *a 2* *f*

Ob. *a 2* *f*

Cl. *a 2* *f*

Fg. *f*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *f*

Cor. (E) *a 2* *f*

Tr. (D) *mf* *cresc* *f*

Timp. *mf* *f*

Vl. I. *f*

Vl. II. *f*

Vla. *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *f*

Fl. *a 2* 390 *ff* *f*

Ob. *a 2* *ff* *f*

Cl. *ff*

Fg. *a 2* *ff*

Cor. *a 2* *più f* *ff*

(E) *a 2* *più f* *ff*

Tr. (D) *più f* *ff*

Timp. *ff*

Vi. I. *ff*

Vi. II. *ff*

Vla. *ff* *div.*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff*

Fl. *a 2* *sf* *p*

Ob. *a 2* *sf*

Cl. *sf* *p*

Fg. *sf*

Cor. *a 2* *sf* *p*

Tr. (D) *sf*

Timp. *sf*

VI. I. *sf* *p*

VI. II. *sf* *p*

Vla. *sf* *p*

Vlc. e Cb. *sf*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for orchestra, page 42. It contains staves for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr. in D), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (VI. I.), Violin II (VI. II.), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score is in 2/4 time and features a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is divided into measures 1 through 5. Dynamics include *sf* (sforzando), *p* (piano), and *fp* (fortissimo piano). The Flute and Oboe parts have a first ending marked 'a 2'. The Timpani part has a roll in measure 4. The string parts (Violins, Viola, and Cello/Bass) play a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.

400

a 2

1.

p

1.

pp

pp

p

p

p

p

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.
(C)
(E)

Tr.
(D)

Timp.

Vi. I.

Vi. II.

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 48, numbered 400. It features a woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon), a brass section (Cor Anglais in C and E, Trumpet in D), Timpani, and a string section (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello and Double Bass). The woodwinds and strings are playing melodic lines with various articulations and dynamics. The brass section is mostly silent, with the Trumpet in D playing a rhythmic pattern. The score is written in a single system with multiple staves.

410

Fl. 1. *p* *dim.*

Ob. 1. *p*

Cl. *dim.*

Fg. *dim.*

(c) Cor. *dim.*

(E) 3. *dim.*

Tr. (D)

Timp.

VI. I *p* *dim.*

VI. II *p* *dim.*

Vla. *dim.*

Vlc. e Cb. *dim.*

1. 420

Fl. 1. *dim.*

Ob. 1. *dim.*

Cl. 1. *pp*

Fg.

Cor. (C) 1.

Cor. (E) 3.

Tr. (D) *dim.*

Timp. *dim.* *pp*

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

480

Fl.

Cl.

Fg.

(C)
Cor.

(B)
Cor.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

1.

a 2

p

pp

440

Fl. *p cresc. cresc. sempre cresc.*

Ob. *p cresc. cresc. sempre cresc.*

Cl. *p cresc. cresc. sempre cresc.*

Fg. *a2 p cresc. cresc. sempre cresc.*

Cor. *(C) p cresc. cresc. sempre cresc.*

Tr. *(D) a2 p cresc. cresc. sempre cresc.*

Vi. I *p cresc.*

Vi. II *p cresc.*

Vla. *p cresc.*

Vlc. e Cb. *p cresc. f*

Detailed description: This page contains a musical score for measures 440 through 443. The instruments are arranged in three systems. The first system includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The second system includes Cor Anglais (Cor. (C)), Trumpet (Tr. (D)), and Trombone/Euphonium (E). The third system includes Violin I (Vi. I), Violin II (Vi. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score features a variety of note values, including eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes, as well as rests. Dynamic markings are prominently displayed: *p* (piano) at the start of each staff, *cresc.* (crescendo) indicating increasing volume, and *sempre cresc.* (always crescendo) for sustained growth. The string section concludes with a *f* (forte) marking. The woodwinds and brass sections show complex rhythmic patterns and some accidentals.

This musical score page contains measures 450 through 457. The instruments are arranged as follows:

- Fl.**: Flute
- Ob.**: Oboe
- Cl.**: Clarinet
- Fg.**: Bassoon
- (C) Cor.**: Trumpet C
- (E) Tr.**: Trumpet E
- (D)**: Trombone D
- Timp.**: Timpani
- VI. I & II**: Violins I and II
- Vla.**: Viola
- Vlc. e Cb.**: Violoncello and Double Bass

The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. Measure numbers 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, and 457 are indicated at the top of their respective staves. Dynamics include *f*, *a2*, *p cresc.*, and *cresc.*.

460

Fl. *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Ob. *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Cl. *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Fg. *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Cor. *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Tr. *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Timp. *f* *ff* *cresc.* *ff*

Vl. I *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Vl. II *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Vla. *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Fl. *dim.* *p* *cresc. sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Ob. *dim.* *p* *cresc. sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Cl. *dim.* *p* *cresc. sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Fg. *a 2* *dim.* *p* *cresc. sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Cor. *dim.* *p* *cresc. sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Tr. (D) *dim.* *p* *cresc. sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Vl. I *dim.* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Vl. II *dim.* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Vla. *dim.* *ff* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Vlc. *dim.* *ff* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Cb. *dim.* *ff* *cresc. f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

470

Fl. *fff* *p* *ff* *dim.*

Ob. *fff* *p* *ff* *dim.*

Cl. *fff* *p* *ff* *dim.*

Fg. *fff* *p* *ff* *dim.*

(C) Cor. *fff* *p* *ff* *dim.*

(E) Cor. *fff* *p* *ff* *dim.*

Tr. *fff* *p* *cresc.*

Timp. *fff*

Vi. I *fff* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Vi. II *fff* *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Vla. *fff* *p* *cresc.* *ff* *dim.*

Vlc. *fff* *p* *cresc.* *ff* *dim.*

Cb. *fff* *p* *cresc.* *ff* *dim.*

Fl. *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Ob. *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Cl. *a 2* *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f*

Fg. *a 2* *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f*

Cor. (C) *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Cor. (B) *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Tr. (D) *a 2* *dim.* *ff* *dim.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f*

Timp. *tr* *p cresc.* *ff*

VI. I *dim.* *cresc.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f* *f*

VI. II *dim.* *cresc.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Vla. *cresc.* *dim.* *f cresc.* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Vlc. *cresc.* *ff dim.* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Cb. *cresc.* *ff dim.* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

480

Assai animato

a 2

Fl. *f* *fff* *ff*

Ob. *f* *fff* *ff*

Cl. *f* *fff* *ff*

Fg. *f* *fff* *ff*

Cor. (C) *f* *fff* *ff*

Cor. (E) *f* *fff* *ff*

Tr. (D) *f* *fff* *ff*

Timp. *tr* *fff* *ff*

Assai animato

Vi. I *f* *f* *fff* *ff*

Vi. II *f* *f* *fff* *ff*

Vla. *f* *f* *fff* *ff*

Vlc. *f* *f* *fff* *ff*

Cb. *f* *fff* *ff*

Fl. ^{a 2} 490

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor. ^{a 2}

Tr. ^{a 2} (D)

Timp. *tr*

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vla. ^{a 2}

Vlc. e Cb.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 54, showing measures 488 through 492. The score is arranged in systems. The first system includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The second system includes Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr. in D), and Timpani (Timp.). The third system includes Violin I (Vi. I), Violin II (Vi. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The Flute and Oboe parts have a 'a 2' marking above them. The Clarinet part has a key signature change to two flats. The Bassoon part has a 'G' marking above it. The Cor Anglais and Trumpet parts have 'a 2' markings above them. The Timpani part has 'tr' markings above it. The Viola part has a 'a 2' marking above it. The Violoncello/Double Bass part has a 'G' marking above it. The measure numbers 488, 489, 490, 491, and 492 are indicated at the top of the staves.

Fl.
Cl.
Fg.

310

dim. 1. *p* *dim.* *pp*

dim. 1. *p* *dim.* *pp*

dim. 1. *p* *dim.* *pp*

Andante come prima ♩ = 72 520

F1. *p sf dim.*

Ob. *a 2 p sf dim.*

Cl. *p sf dim.*

Fg. *p sf dim.*

(C) Cor. *p sf dim.*

(E)

Timp. *p sf dim.*

Vla. *p sf dim.*

II.

Vivace non troppo ♩ = 126

F1. *a 2 f a 2 f*

Ob. *f a 2 f*

Fg. *f a 2 f*

(C) in C *f f*

Cor. in F *a 2 f f*

(F)

Tr. in D *f f*

(D)

Vl.I. *pizz. arco pp pizz. pp arco*

Vl.II. *pp pizz. pp arco*

Vla. *pp pizz. pp arco*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp*

Fl. *a 2*
 Ob.
 Cl. *sf in B*
 Fg. *a 2*
 Cor. (C) *a 2*
 Cor. (F) *a 2*
 Tr. (D) *a 2*
 Vl. I. *cresc. dim. pp*
 Vl. II. *cresc. dim. pp*
 Vla. *cresc. pp*

assai leggero e staccato

Cl. *1.*
 Vl. I. *sempre pp*
 Vl. II. *sempre pp*
 Vla. *sempre pp pizz.*
 Vlc. *p*

20

Cl. *f* *f*

VI.I. *p* *cresc.*

VI.II. *p* *cresc.*

Vla. *p* *cresc.*

Vlc. pizz.



Fl. *a 2* *mf*

Ob. *a 2* *mf*

Cl. *1.* *mf*

VI.I. *dim.* *mf*

VI.II. *dim.* *mf*

Vla. *dim.* *arco* *mf*

Vlc. *pizz.* *mf*

Cb. *p*

Fl. *a 2* *40*

Ob. *a 2* *cresc.*

Cl. *1.* *cresc.* *a 2*

Vi. I *cresc.*

Vi. II *cresc.*

Vla. *cresc.*

Vlc. *cresc.*

Fl. *a 2* *cresc.*

Ob. *a 2* *cresc.*

Cl. *a 2* *cresc.*

Fg. *sf* *cresc.* *a 2* *ff*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *ff*

Cor. (F) *a 2* *ff*

Tr. (D) *f* *ff*

Timp. *f* *ff*

Vi. I *cresc.* *al* *ff*

Vi. II *cresc.* *al* *ff*

Vla. *pizz sf* *cresc* *al* *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *f* *arco* *ff*

50 a 2

F1.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(C)
Cor.

(F)

Tr.
(D)

Timp.

VI.I

VI.II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

f

50 a 2

a 2

a 2

a 2

(C)

(F)

Tr.
(D)

Timp.

VI.I

VI.II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

f

Fl. *a 2* *f*

Ob. *a 2* *f*

Cl. *a 2* *f*

Fg. *a 2* *f* *più f*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *f*

Cor. (F) *f*

Tr. (D) *f*

Timp. *f*

VI. I *f* *più f*

VI. II *f* *più f*

Vla. *f* *più f*

Vlc. *f* *più f*

Cb. *f*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 62, containing measures 60 through 65. The score is for a full orchestra. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.), each with a second player (a 2). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor. C), Cor French (Cor. F), and Trumpet (Tr. D). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The score is in 2/4 time. Measures 60-64 are marked with a forte (f) dynamic, while measure 65 is marked with a fortissimo (più f) dynamic. The woodwinds and strings play rapid sixteenth-note passages, while the brass and percussion provide a steady rhythmic accompaniment.

Fl. *a 2*

Ob. *a 2*

Cl. *a 2*

Fg. *a 2*

(C) *a 2*

Cor. (F)

Tr. (D)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

70

VI. I *dim.* *pp*

VI. II *pp*

Vla. *dim.* *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *p* *pp*

=

80

VI. I *pp*

VI. II *pp*

Vla. *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp*

=

Ob. *pp* *f* *p*

Cl. *pp*

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

[illegible]

110

Fl. I. *a 2*

Fl. II. *a 2* *mf* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Cor. (F) *p* *cresc.* *cresc.*

VI. I. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.*

VI. II. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Vla. *mf* *arco* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Vlc. *mf* *cresc.* *pizz.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Cb. *p* *cresc.*

105

Fl. *f* *a 2*

Ob. *f* *a 2*

Cl. *f* *a 2*

Fg. *f* *a 2*

Cor. (C) *f sf* *a 2*

Cor. (F) *f sf* *a 2*

Tr. (D) *f*

Vi. I. *f*

Vi. II. *f*

Vla. *f*

Vlc. *f*

Cb. *f* *arco*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 67. It contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor. (C)), Cor French (Cor. (F)), and Trumpet (Tr. (D)). The string section includes Violin I (Vi. I.), Violin II (Vi. II.), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Double Bass (Cb.). The score is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *sf* (sforzando), and *arco* (arco). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-2 and 1-2-3. The woodwinds and strings play complex, fast-moving passages, while the brass plays more rhythmic, block-like figures.

Fl. *a 2* 120 *ff*

Ob. *a 2* *ff* *fpp*

Cl. *a 2* *ff* *fpp*

Fg. *ff* *fpp*

Cor. *a 2* *ff*

(F) *ff*

Tr. (D) *ff*

Timp. *ff*

VI. I. *ff*

VI. II. *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff*

Fl. *a 2* *p* *130 1.*

Ob. *1.* *p*

Cl.

Fg.

Tr. (D)

Vl. I *p*

Vl. II *p* *pizz.*

Vla. *pizz.*

Vlc. *p* *pizz.*

Cb. *p*

Fl. *1.* *cresc.*

Ob. *1.* *p* *cresc.*

Cl. *p* *cresc.*

Fg. *cresc.*

Vl. I *p*

Vl. II *p*

Vla. *cresc.* *arco*

Vlc. *cresc.* *arco* *p*

Cb. *cresc.* *mf*

140

F1.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor. (C)

Cor. (F)

Timp.

VI. I.

VI. II.

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

p

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

arco

p

150

Fl. *cresc.* *f*

Ob. *cresc.* *f*

Cl. *cresc.* *cresc.* *f*

Fg. *f*

Cor. (C) *cresc.* *f*

Cor. (F) *cresc.* *f*

Tr. (D) *p cresc.* *f*

Timp. *cresc.* *tr* *f*

VI. I. *cresc.* *f* *p*

VI. II. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Vla. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Vlc. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Cb. *f* *p*

Ob. *p*

Cl. 1. *p*

Fg. 1. *p*

Vi. I. *semprep*

Vi. II. *semprep*

Vla. *semprep*

Vlc. *semprep*

Cb. *semprep*

1. 160

Ob. *p*

Cl. 1. *p*

Fg. 1. *p*

(C) Cor. *p*

(F) 3. *p*

Timp. *pp*

Vi. I. *pp* *semprep*

Vi. II. *pp* *semprep*

Vla. *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp*

Fl. *p* *dim.*

Ob. *dim.*

Cl. *dim.*

Fg. *a 2* *dim.*

Cor. (C) *dim.*

Cor. (F) *p* *dim.*

Tr. (D) *p*

Timp. *p* *dim.*

VL I. *dim.*

VL II. *dim.*

Vla. *dim.*

Vlc. e Cb.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 78. It contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor. C), Cor F, and Trumpet (Tr. D). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VL I.), Violin II (VL II.), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *dim.* (diminuendo). The Flute part starts with a rest, then enters with a melodic line marked *p* and *dim.* The Oboe, Clarinet, and Bassoon parts have more complex rhythmic patterns. The Bassoon part has a marking *a 2* in the final measure. The Cor parts play a steady eighth-note pattern. The Trumpet part has a melodic line marked *p*. The Timpani part has a simple rhythmic pattern marked *p* and *dim.* The Violin and Viola parts have melodic lines, with the Violin parts marked *dim.* The Violoncello/Double Bass part has a steady eighth-note pattern.

170

Fl. *dim.* *p* 1.

Ob. *dim.* *p* 1.

Cl.

Fg. *a 2* *p*

(C)
Cor.

(F)

Tr.
(D) *p* *dim.* *pp*

Timap. *dim.*

VI. I. *dim.* *pp*

VI. II. *dim.* *pp*

Vla. *dim.* *pp*

Vlc.
e Cb. *dim.* *pp*

Fl. 1. 180 *cresc.* *ff*

Ob. 1. *cresc.* *f* *p* 2. *cresc.*

Cl. *cresc.* *f* *cresc.* 1. *p* *cresc.*

Fg. *a 2* *cresc.* *f* *cresc.*

Cor. (C) *p* *cresc.*

(F) *mf cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

Tr. (D)

Timp. *p* *cresc.*

VI. I. *ff* *f* *p* *cresc.*

VI. II. *ff* *f* *p* *cresc.*

Vla. *p cresc.*

Vlc. e Cb. *p cresc.*

190

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.

Tr. (D)

Timp.

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

a 2

1.

f

ff

p

tr

Fl. *a 2*

Ob. *a 2*

Cl. *ff a 2*

Fg. *ff a 2*

Cor. (C) *ff*

Cor. (F) *ff*

Tr. (D) *ff a 2*

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 77. It contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.), each with a first and second part indicated by 'a 2'. The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor. (C)), French Horn (Cor. (F)), and Trumpet (Tr. (D)). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello and Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score is written in a common time signature. The woodwinds and strings are marked with a forte (ff) dynamic. The woodwinds also have a '2' indicating a second part or a specific fingering. The brass instruments are also marked with a forte (ff) dynamic. The woodwinds and strings are playing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The brass instruments are playing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The woodwinds and strings are playing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The brass instruments are playing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Fl. ²⁰⁰

Ob.

Cl.

Fg. ^{a 2}

Cor. ^{a 2}

(F)

Tr. ^{a 2}
(D)

ff

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

sf

sf

sf

sf

sf

sf

Fl. *a 2* *f* *b* *a 2* *210* *b*

Ob. *f* *b* *a 2* *b*

Cl. *a 2* *f* *a 2* *b*

Fg. *f* *b* *f* *b*

Cor. *a 2* *f*

(F) *f*

Tr. (D) *f*

Timp.

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 79. It contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr. (D)), and Trombone (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (Vi. I), Violin II (Vi. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello and Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. Dynamics include *f* (forte) and *a 2* (second ending). There are also markings for *b* (flat) and *a* (natural). The number 210 is written above the Flute staff. The instruments are arranged in a standard orchestral layout.

Fl. *a 2* *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *a 2* *ff*

Fg. *a 2* *ff*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *ff*

Cor. (F) *ff*

Tr. (D) *ff*

Timp. *tr* *ff*

VI. I. *ff*

VI. II. *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 80. It contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cor Anglais (Cor.) in both C and F. The brass section includes Trumpet (Tr.) in D. The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI. I.), Violin II (VI. II.), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello and Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The first measure of each staff has a dynamic marking of *ff* (fortissimo). The woodwinds and strings have a *a 2* marking above the first measure. The timpani has a *tr* (trill) marking above the first measure. The score is written in a standard musical notation with notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

220

Fl. *sempre ff*

Ob. *sempre ff*

Cl. *sempre ff*

Fg. *sempre ff*

(C)
Cor. *sempre ff*

(F)
Tr. (D) *ff*

Timp. *tr* *ff*

Vi. I *sempre ff*

Vi. II *sempre ff*

Vla. *sempre ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *sempre ff*

E. E. 3606

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Fg.
Cor.
Tr.
Timp.
VI.I
VI.II
Vla.
Vlc. & Cb.

ff
ff
ff
ff
ff
ff
ff
ff
ff
ff
dim.
dim.
ff
ff

This musical score page, numbered 82, features ten staves of orchestral notation. The top four staves are for woodwinds: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.), each marked with a forte-forte (*ff*) dynamic. The next three staves are for brass: Cor Anglais (labeled with C and F), Trumpet (Tr.), and Timpani (Timp.). The bottom four staves are for strings: Violin I (VI.I), Violin II (VI.II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. & Cb.). The woodwinds and strings (except for the violins) are marked with *ff*. The violin parts include a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking in the final measure. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

280

1.

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Tr.
(D)

Timp.

VI.I

VI.II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

p *leggiere*

p *leggiere*

p

pizz. p

240

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.
(G)
(F)

Timp.

VI.I

VI.II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

p

Fl. 1. *p*

Ob. 1. *p*

Cl. 1. *p*

Fg. *p* a 2 *sf*

Cor. (C) *p*

Cor. (F) *p*

Timp.

Vl. I *p*

Vl. II *div. p*

Vla. *arco*

Vlc. e Cb. *p*

Fl. 1. *dim.*

Ob. 1. *dim.*

Cl. 1. *dim.*

Fg. 2. *dim.* *sf* *p* *dim.* *sf* *dim.*

Cor. (C) *pp* *dim.* *p* *dim.* *sf* *p*

Cor. (F) *pp* *dim.*

Vl. I *dim.* *p* *sempre dim.*

Vl. II *dim.* *sempre* *sempre* *dim.*

Vla. *dim.* *sempre* *sempre* *dim.*

Vlc. e Cb. *dim.* *sempre* *sempre* *dim.*

250

Fl. 1. *b*

Ob. 1. *b*

Cl. *a 2*

Fg. *dim.*

Cor. (C) 2. *dim.*

Vl. I *dim.*

Vl. II *dim.*

Vla. *dim.*

Vlc. e Cb. *dim.*

Fl. 1. *pp*

Ob. *pp*

Cl. *pp*

Fg. 1. *pp*

Cor. (C) *pp*

Vl. I *pp*

Vl. II *cresc.*

Vla. *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp*

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.

3.

4.

pp

pp

dim.

pp

pp

Vla.

Vlc.

e Cb.

p

270

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cor.

3.

p

pp

Timp.

pp

VI. I

pp

VI. II

pp

Vla.

Vlc.

pp

Cb.

pp

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

attacca

III.

87

Adagio $\text{♩} = 78$
in A

Cl. *p cresc. f*

Fg. *p cresc. f*

Cor. *in C 1.2. pp p cresc. f*

Tr. *in D p cresc. p*

Adagio $\text{♩} = 78$

VI. I *arco p pizz. p cresc. f*

VI. II *pizz. p div. p cresc. f ff*

Vla. *p div. p cresc. f*

Vlc. *arco p p cresc. f*

Cb. *p p cresc. f*

Cl. *pp*

Fg. *pp*

Cor. *1.2. pp*

VI. I *dim. cantabile p sempre pizz. div.*

VI. II *dim. pp sempre pizz. div.*

Vla. *dim. pp sempre pizz. div.*

Vlc. *dim. pp sempre pizz.*

Cb. *dim. pp sempre pizz. pp*

Cl. *f* *p* *pp*

Fg. *f* *pp*

VI. I. *f* *p*

VI. II. *cresc.* *p*

Vla. *cresc.* *p*

Vlc. e Cb. *p*

=

Ob. 80 1. *p cresc.* *f* *p*

Cl. *p* *f*

Fg. *p* *f* *p*

Cor. (C) 1. *p* 2. *f*

VI. I. *cresc.* *f* *p*

VI. II. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Vla. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Vlc. e Cb. *cresc.* *f* *p*

1. 30

Fl. *p cresc.* *f* *p*

Ob. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Cl. *p* *f* *p* *pp*

Fg. *p* *f* *p* *pp* 1.

Cor. (C) 1. *p* 2.

Vi. I. *cresc.* *f* *p* *arco*

Vi. II. *cresc.* *f* *p* *p arco*

Vla. *cresc.* *f* *p* *p*

Vlc. e Cb. *f* *p* *p*

=

Cl. *p* *cresc.*

Fg. 1. *p* *f* *p* *cresc.*

Cor. (C) 1. *p* 2. *f* *p* *cresc.*

Vi. I. *pp*

Vi. II. *pp*

Vla. *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp*

Fl. *a 2* *sf* *più f* *ff*

Ob. *a 2* *sf* *più f* *ff*

Cl. *a 2* *sf* *più f* *ff*

Fg. *sf* *più f* *ff*

Cor. (C) *sf* *più f* *ff* *a 2*

Cor. (D) *a 2* *sf* *più f* *ff*

Tr. (D) *a 2* *sf* *più f* *ff*

Timp. *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *sf* *sf*

VI. I *sf* *più f* *ff*

VI. II *sf trem.* *più f* *ff*

Vla. *sf trem.* *più f* *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *sf trem.* *più f* *ff*

Fl. *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Ob. *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Cl. *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Fg. *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

(C)
Cor. *3.*

(D)

VI. I *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f*

VI. II *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f*

Vla. *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f*

Cl. *p*

Fg. *p*

Cor. (C) *1. 2.* *mf* *cresc.*

Tr. (D) *p* *cresc.*

Timp. *p* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

VI. I *p* *cresc.* *f*

VI. II *p* *cresc.* *f*

Vla. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *p* *cresc.* *f*

pizz. *div. pizz.* *6* *6* *6* *6*

1.

Fl. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *al*

Ob. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *al*

Cl. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *al*

Fg. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *al*

(C) *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Cor. (D) *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Tr. (D) *cresc.* *ff*

Timp.

VLI *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *al*

VL II *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *al*

Vla. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *al*

Vlc. e Cb. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *al*

arco *6*

70

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *ff* *a2* *6* *6* *6* *6* *p*

Fg. *ff* *a2* *6* *6* *a2* *6* *6* *p*

Cor. (C) *6* *6* *6* *6*

Cor. (D)

Tr. (D)

Timp. *tr* *ff* *tr*

VI. I *ff* *p* *6* *6*

VI. II *ff* *p* *6* *6*

Vla. *ff* *6* *6* *6* *6* *p* *6* *6*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff* *6* *6* *6* *6* *p* *cresc.*

Cl. *cresc.*

Fg. *cresc.*

Cor. (D) 3. *dim.* *p*

VI. I *cresc.* *dim.* *p*

VI. II *cresc.* *dim.* *p*

Vla. *cresc.* *dim.* *p*

Vlc. *f* *dim.* *p*

Cb. *f* *dim.* *pizz.* *p*

Fl. 80 1. *p*

Ob. 1. *p*

Cl. *p*

Fg. *p*

Cor. (C) *pp* 3. *p*

Cor. (D) *cantabile*

VI. I *p* *pizz.*

VI. II *pizz.*

Vla. *p*

Vlc. *cantabile e marcato*

Cb. *cantabile e marcato*

1.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.
(C)
(D)

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

dim.

dim.

sempre pp

sempre pp

dim.

dim.

80

1.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.
(D)

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

Fl. 1. *dim.* *p*

Ob. 1. *dim.* *dim.* *p*

Cl. *dim.* *pp*

Fg. *dim.* *p* *pp*

(C) *dim.* *p*

Cor. (D) *dim.* *p*

Vi. I *f* *dim.* *p* *arco*

Vi. II *f* *dim.* *p* *arco*

Vla. *f* *dim.* *p* *arco*

Vlc. *f* *dim.* *p*

Cb. *sf* *dim.* *p*

Fl. 1. *p*

Ob. 1. *p*

Fg. 1. *p*

(C) *p*

Cor. (D) *p*

Vi. I *arco*

Vi. II *arco*

Vla. *arco*

Vlc. *arco*

Cb. *arco*

Fl. *ff* *a 2*

Ob. *f* *ff* *a 2*

Cl. *f* *ff* *a 2*

Fg. *f* *ff* *a 2*

(C) *f* *ff*

(D) *f* *ff*

Tr. (D) *f* *ff*

Timp. *ff*

VI. I *ff*

VI. II *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff*

110

Fl. *piùf* *ff*

Ob. *piùf* *ff*

Cl. *piùf* *ff*

Fg. *a2* *piùf* *ff*

(C) *piùf* *ff*

Cor. (D) *piùf* *ff* *ff dim.*

Tr. (D) *piùf* *ff* *ff Soli* *ben tenuto dim.*

Timp. *tr* *tr* *tr* *ff*

VI. I *piùf* *ff*

VI. II *piùf* *ff*

Vla. *piùf* *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *piùf* *ff*

1.

F1. *p* *cresc.*

Ob. *p*

Cl. *p* *cresc.*

Fg. *p*

Cor. (C) *p*

Cor. (D) *p*

Tr. (D) *pp*

Timp. *pp*

VI. I *p* *cresc.*

VI. II *p* *cresc.*

Vla. *p* *cresc.*

Vlc. *p* *cresc.*

Cb. *p* *cresc.*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for orchestra, measures 1 through 3. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. The instruments are arranged in a standard orchestral layout. The first three measures show a gradual build-up of sound. Measure 1 starts with a first flute (F1.) playing a half note G4 (first line, second space) with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The oboe (Ob.) and bassoon (Fg.) play half notes F#4 (first line, first space) and E4 (first line, first space) respectively, also piano. The clarinet (Cl.) plays a half note D4 (first line, first space) piano. The cor Anglais (C) and cor B-flat (D) play half notes G#4 (first line, second space) and F#4 (first line, first space) respectively, piano. The trumpet (Tr.) and timpani (Timp.) are silent. The violins (VI. I and VI. II) play a half note G4 (first line, second space) piano. The viola (Vla.) plays a half note F#4 (first line, first space) piano. The violoncello (Vlc.) and double bass (Cb.) play half notes E4 (first line, first space) piano. In measure 2, the first flute (F1.) plays a half note A4 (first line, second space) piano. The oboe (Ob.) plays a half note G#4 (first line, second space) piano. The clarinet (Cl.) plays a half note E4 (first line, first space) piano. The bassoon (Fg.) plays a half note D4 (first line, first space) piano. The cor Anglais (C) plays a half note G#4 (first line, second space) piano. The cor B-flat (D) plays a half note F#4 (first line, first space) piano. The trumpet (Tr.) and timpani (Timp.) are silent. The violins (VI. I and VI. II) play a half note A4 (first line, second space) piano. The viola (Vla.) plays a half note G#4 (first line, second space) piano. The violoncello (Vlc.) and double bass (Cb.) play half notes F#4 (first line, first space) piano. In measure 3, the first flute (F1.) plays a half note B4 (first line, third space) piano. The oboe (Ob.) plays a half note A4 (first line, second space) piano. The clarinet (Cl.) plays a half note F#4 (first line, first space) piano. The bassoon (Fg.) plays a half note E4 (first line, first space) piano. The cor Anglais (C) is silent. The cor B-flat (D) plays a half note G#4 (first line, second space) piano. The trumpet (Tr.) plays a half note G#4 (first line, second space) piano. The timpani (Timp.) plays a half note G#4 (first line, second space) piano. The violins (VI. I and VI. II) play a half note B4 (first line, third space) piano. The viola (Vla.) plays a half note A4 (first line, second space) piano. The violoncello (Vlc.) and double bass (Cb.) play half notes G#4 (first line, second space) piano. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *cresc.* (crescendo) for most instruments, and *pp* (pianissimo) for the trumpet and timpani in measure 3.

Fl. *p* *cresc.* 1.

Ob. *p* *cresc.* 1.

Cl. *p* *cresc.*

Fg. *p* *cresc.*

(C) Cor. *p*

(D)

Tr. (D) *pp*

Timp. *pp* *tr*

VLI *p* *cresc.*

VLI *p*

Vla. *p* *cresc.*

Vlc. *p* *cresc.*

Cb. *p* *cresc.*

1.

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Fg.
(C)
Cor.
(D)
VI. I
VI. II
Vla.
Vlc.
Cb.

f *p* *cresc.* *al*

180

Ob.
Cl.
Fg.
Cor.
(C)
Timp.
VI. I
VI. II
Vla.
Vlc.
Cb.

f *p* *pp*

Fl. *f* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Ob. *f* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Cl. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Fg. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

(C) Cor. *p*

(D) *cresc.* *p*

Tr. (D) *p*

Timp. *tr* *pp*

Vl. I *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Vl. II *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Vla. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Vlc. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Cb. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 106, showing measures 1 through 4. The score is for a full orchestra. The woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) and strings (Violins I & II, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabass) all have melodic lines with dynamic markings of *f* (forte) and *dim.* (diminuendo). The woodwinds also feature *cresc.* (crescendo) markings. The brass section (Cor Anglais, Trumpet in D) has a melodic line starting in measure 3 with a *p* (piano) dynamic. The Timpani (Timp.) has a trill in measure 4 marked *pp* (pianissimo). The strings have a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes, with *cresc.* markings in measures 1 and 2, and *f* markings in measures 3 and 4. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4.

Fl. *p* *espress.* *dim.* 140

Ob.

Cl. *p*

Fg. *p*

Cor. (C) *pp*

(D) *p* *dim.*

Tr. (B)

Timp.

VI. I *p* *dim.* *dim.*

VI. II *p* *dim.*

Vla. *p* *dim.*

Vlc. *p* *dim.*

Cb. *p* *dim.*

Detailed description: This page of a musical score covers measures 140 through 143. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor. (C)), Horn (D), and Trumpet (Tr. (B)). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Double Bass (Cb.). The score features various dynamics such as *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), *espress.* (espressivo), and *dim.* (diminuendo). The Flute part has a first ending bracketed over measures 140 and 141. The strings play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes in measures 140 and 141, then transition to a more melodic line in measures 142 and 143.

IV.

Allegro vivacissimo $\text{♩} = 126$

Fg. *ff* in C *p* *f* *p* *cresc.*
 Cor. *ff* in D *p* *f* *p* *cresc.*
 VI.I. *ff* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f*
 VI.II. *ff* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f*
 Vla. *ff* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.*
 Vlc. e Cb. *ff* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.*

=

10

Fg. *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p*
 (C) Cor. *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p*
 (D) *f* *p* *f* *p*
 VI.I *p* *cresc.* *f* *f* *p* *f*
 VI.II *p* *cresc.* *f* *sf* *p* *f*
 Vla. *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p*
 Vlc. e Cb. *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p*

Fg. *f p*
 (C)
 Cor. *f p*
 (D) *f p*
 VI. I *f sf p stacc.*
 VI. II *f sf p stacc.*
 Vla. *f p stacc.*
 Vlc. *sf p stacc.*
 Cb.

Fl. 20 *f p*
 Cl. *f p*
 Fg. *f p*
 Cor. (C) *f p*
 Timp. *f*
 VI. I *f p*
 VI. II *f*
 Vla. *f*
 Vlc. *f*
 Cb.

Fl. *f* *p* *p*

Ob.

Cl. *f* *p*

Fg. *f* *p*

Cor. (c) 1. 2. *f* *p*

Timp. *f* *p*

VI. I *f* *p* *f* *p*

VI. II *f* *p* *f* *p* *div.*

Vla. *f* *p* *f* *p*

Vlc. *f* *p*

e Cb. *p*

Fl. *cresc.*

Ob. *cresc.*

Cl. *cresc.*

Fg. *cresc.*

Cor. (c) 1. 2. *cresc.*

Timp. *cresc.* *tr*

VI. I *cresc.*

VI. II *cresc.*

Vla. *cresc.*

Vlc. *cresc.*

e Cb. *cresc.*

40

Fl. *ff* *a 2*

Ob. *ff* *a 2*

Cl. *ff*

Fg. *ff* *a 2*

Cor. *ff* *a 2*

(D) *ff* *a 2*

Tr. (C) *ff* *in C*

Timp. *ff*

Vi. I *ff*

Vi. II *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 112, showing measures 39 through 44. The score is for a full orchestra. The instruments and their parts are: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr. in C), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (Vi. I), Violin II (Vi. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 2/4. The music is marked with a forte (ff) dynamic throughout. The Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, and Cor Anglais parts feature melodic lines with accents and slurs, often marked with 'a 2' (second attack). The Trumpet part is marked 'in C'. The Timpani part has a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, with a 'sym' (symphonic) marking in measure 43. The string parts (Violins, Viola, Violoncello/Double Bass) provide a harmonic and rhythmic foundation with various note values and slurs. Measure numbers 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, and 44 are indicated at the top of the staves.

Fl. *a 2*

Ob. *a 2*

Cl. *a 2*

Fg. *a 2*

Cor. *a 2*

(D) *a 2*

Tr. *a 2*

(C)

Timp. *tr*

VI. I *f*

VI. II *f*

Vla. *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *f*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for an orchestra, page 113. It features ten staves of music. The first four staves are for woodwinds: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.), each marked with a first alternate (a 2). The next three staves are for brass: Cor Anglais (Cor.), Horn in D (D), and Trumpet in C (Tr. (C)), with the first two also marked with a first alternate (a 2). The Timpani (Timp.) staff includes a trill (tr) marking. The bottom four staves are for strings: Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Cello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.), all marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The music is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various rhythmic values, accidentals, and articulation marks.

Fl. a 2

Ob. a 2

Cl. a 2

Fg. a 2

Cor. (c) a 2

Cor. (d) a 2

Tr. (c)

Timp.

VI. I *f* 3

VI. II *f* 3

Vla. *f* 3

Vlc. e Cb. *f* 3

60

Detailed description: This page of a musical score contains measures 59 and 60. The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) and the first two parts of the Cor Anglais (C and D) play a melodic line starting on a half note, followed by eighth notes, and then a sixteenth-note triplet. The Trumpet (C) plays a similar melodic line. The Timpani part is silent. The string section (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello and Double Bass) plays a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, with a triplet of eighth notes in the first measure of each part. The dynamic marking *f* (forte) is present for the strings. The measure number 60 is written above the woodwind staves.

Fl. *a 2*

Ob. *a 2* *ff* 1. Solo *p*

Cl. *a 2* *ff* *p*

Fg. *a 2* *a 2* *ff*

Cor. (c) *a 2* *ff*

(d)

Tr. (c) *a 2* *ff*

VI. I *sf* *sf* *sf* *ff* *p*

VI. II *sf* *sf* *sf* *ff*

Vla. *sf* *sf* *sf* *ff*

Vlc. *sf* *sf* *sf* *ff*

Cb. *sf* *sf* *sf* *ff*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 116. It features staves for woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon), brass (Corr. (c), (d), Tr. (c)), and strings (Violins I & II, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabass). The woodwinds and brass parts include dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo) and *p* (piano), and some have a '1. Solo' instruction. The string parts are marked with *sf* (sforzando) and *ff*. The score is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The woodwinds and brass parts have a melodic line with some rests, while the strings provide a rhythmic accompaniment.

70

1.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

VI. I

Vlc.

p

f *p*

f *p*

al *f* *al* *pp* *pp*

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(C)

Cor.

(D)

Tr.

(C)

Timp.

VI I

VI II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

100

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.
(c)

(D)

Tr.
(c)

Timp.

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vla.

Vlc.
arco

Cb.
arco

The musical score for page 119, measures 100-103, is written for a large orchestra. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cor. (c) and (D)), Trumpet (Tr. (c)), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (Vi. I), Violin II (Vi. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc., arco), and Contrabass (Cb., arco). The music begins with a forte (ff) dynamic and features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including triplets and slurs. The dynamics range from fortissimo (ff) to piano (p). The score is numbered 100 at the top.

110

Fl. *p* *cresc.* *f* *f*

Ob. *p* *cresc.* *f* *f p*

Cl. *p* *cresc.* *f* *f p*

Fg. *p* *cresc.* *f* *f p*

(C) *p* *cresc.* *f* *f p*

(D) *p* *cresc.* *f* *f p*

Tr. (C) *p* *cresc.* *f*

Timp. *p* *cresc.* *f* *f*

VI. I *cresc.* *f* *p*

VI. II *cresc.* *f* *p*

Vla. *cresc.* *f* *p*

Vlc. e Cb. *cresc.* *f* *f*

Fl. *sf p* *f* *p* *cresc.*

Ob. *sf p* *f p* *cresc.*

Cl. *sf p* *f p* *cresc.*

Fg. *sf p* *f p* *cresc.*

Cor. (C) *f p* *cresc.*

Cor. (D) *f p*

Tr. (C) *f* *p* *cresc.*

Timp. *f*

Vi. I *f p* *fp* *cresc.*

Vi. II *f p* *fp* *cresc.*

Vla. *f p* *fp* *cresc.*

Vlc. e Cb. *f* *p* *cresc.*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 121, showing measures 121 through 124. The score is for a large orchestra. The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) and strings (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello and Double Bass) all play a melodic line that starts in measure 121, continues through 122 and 123, and then has a final flourish in measure 124. The woodwinds and strings are marked with *sf* (sforzando) at the beginning of the phrase in measure 121, then *p* (piano) in measure 122, and *f* (forte) in measure 123. The woodwinds and strings also have a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking in measure 124. The brass section (Cori and Trombones) plays a harmonic accompaniment. The Cori are marked *f* in measure 121 and *p* in measure 122. The Trombones are marked *f* in measure 121 and *p* in measure 122. The Timp (Timpani) plays a single note in measure 121, marked *f*. The Violins I and II, Viola, and Violoncello and Double Bass all play a melodic line that starts in measure 121, continues through 122 and 123, and then has a final flourish in measure 124. The Violins I and II are marked *f* in measure 121 and *p* in measure 122. The Viola and Violoncello and Double Bass are marked *f* in measure 121 and *p* in measure 122. The Violins I and II also have a *cresc.* marking in measure 124.

120

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor. (c)

Cor. (D)

Tr. (C)

Timp.

Vl. I

Vl. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(C)

Cor.

(D)

Tr.

(C)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

This musical score page contains measures 129 and 130 of a symphony. The instrumentation includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr.), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The key signature has one flat (B-flat major or E-flat minor), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is marked with a forte (*ff*) dynamic throughout. In measure 129, the woodwinds and strings play sustained chords, while the violins play a rapid sixteenth-note figure. In measure 130, the woodwinds and strings continue their sustained parts, and the violins conclude their figure. A rehearsal mark '130' is placed above the Flute staff at the beginning of the second measure.

Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl.
 Fg.
 (c)
 Cor.
 (d)
 Tr.
 (c)
 Timp.
 VI. I
 VI. II
 Vla.
 Vlc.
 e Cb.

Musical score for page 125, featuring woodwinds, brass, percussion, and strings. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr.), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Double Bass (Cb.). The music is written in 2/4 time and includes dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The woodwinds and brass sections play sustained notes with some melodic movement. The strings provide a rhythmic foundation with eighth and sixteenth notes. The percussion section includes a timpani part with a series of rolls.

140

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor.

Tr.

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

ff

marcato

ff

marcato

ff

marcato

Fl. *ff* *p f p* 150
 Ob.
 Cl. *a 2*
 Fg. *a 2* *p*
 Cor. (C) *p*
 (D) *p*
 Tr. (C) *a 2* *pp*
 Timp. *pp*
 Vl. I
 Vl. II
 Vla. *p*
 Vlc. e Cb. *pizz.* *p*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 127, showing measures 148 through 150. The score is for a large orchestra. The Flute (Fl.) part starts with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic and ends with a *p f p* dynamic marking. The Oboe (Ob.) part has rests. The Clarinet (Cl.) and Bassoon (Fg.) parts both have an *a 2* marking. The Bassoon part has a *p* dynamic. The Cor parts (C and D) have a *p* dynamic. The Trumpet (Tr.) part (C) has an *a 2* marking and ends with a *pp* dynamic. The Timpani (Timp.) part has a *pp* dynamic. The Violin (Vl.) and Viola (Vla.) parts have a *p* dynamic. The Violoncello and Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.) part has a *pizz.* (pizzicato) marking and a *p* dynamic. The number 150 is written above the Flute staff in the final measure.

Cl.

Fg.

(c)
Cor.

(D)

Trb.
(C)

Timp.

Vl. I

Vl. II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

p

p

p

sempre p

Cl.

Fg.

(c)
Cor.

(D)

Tr.
(C)

Timp.

Vl. I

Vl. II

Vla.

Vlc.
e Cb.

cresc.

p

p cresc.

p cresc.

cresc.

Ob. 1. *p* 170

Fg.

(c)
Cor.
(D)

VI. I *p* *dim.*

VI. II *p* *dim.*

Vla. *p* *arco* *dim.*

Vlc. *p* *arco* *dim.*

Cb. *p* *arco* *dim.*



Fl. 1. *p* *cresc.*

Ob. 1. *p*

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

1. 180

Fl. *cresc.* *dim.* *pp*

Ob. *dim.* *pp*

Vi. I *pp*

Vi. II *pp*

Vla. *pp*

Vlc. e Cb. *pp*

1. *b*

Fl. *b*

Ob. *b*

Vi. I *pp*

Vi. II *pp*

Vla. *div.*

Vlc. e Cb.

Fl. 1. *p*

Ob. 1. *p*

Cl. 1. *p*

Fg. 1. *p*

Cor. (D) 3. 4. *p*

VI. I *pp*

VI. II *pp*

Vla. *pp*



Fl. 1. *cresc.*

Ob. *cresc.*

Cl. 1. *cresc.*

Fg. *cresc.*

Cor. (D) 3. 4. a 2 *p*

VI. I *cresc.*

VI. II *cresc.*

Vla. *cresc.*

Vlc. e Cb. *p* *cresc.*

Fl. *a 2* *b₂* *f* *p* *f* *p*

Ob. *f* *p* *f* *p*

Cl. *f* *p* *f* *p*

Fg. *b₂* *f p* *sempre p*

Cor. (C) *f p* *sempre p*

(D) *f* *f p* *sempre p*

Tr. (C) *f*

Timp. *tr* *tr*

VI. I *b₂* *f* *f* *f* *f*

VI. II *f* *f* *f* *f*

Vla. *f* *f* *f* *f p* *sempre p*

Vlc. e Cb. *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

Fl. *f p* 1.

Ob. *f p*

Cl. *f p* 1.

Fg.

Cor. (c) (D)

Tr. (c)

Timp. *f*

VI. I *f p*

VI. II *f p*

Vla. *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *f p*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 187. It features ten staves. The first four staves are for woodwinds: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The next three staves are for brass: Cor. (Corns) in parts (c) and (D), and Trumpet (Tr.) in part (c). The fifth staff is for Timpani (Timp.). The last four staves are for strings: Violins I and II (VI. I, VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). A first ending bracket is present in the woodwind parts. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4.

Fl. *sf p*

Ob. 1.

Cl. *sf p* 1.

Fg. *sf p*

Cor. (C) *sf p*

(D)

Tr. (C) *p*

Timp. *p*

VI. I *p sf p*

VI. II *p sf p*

Vla. *sf p*

Vlc. e Cb. *sf*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 138, measures 250-254. The score is for a symphony or concert band. The instruments are arranged in a standard orchestral layout. The woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) and strings (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello and Double Bass) are in the upper staves, while the percussion (Tympani, Cor Anglais, Trumpet) is in the lower staves. The score is in 4/4 time. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The dynamics range from *p* (piano) to *sf* (sforzando). The woodwinds and strings play a melodic line, while the percussion and Cor Anglais provide a rhythmic accompaniment. The score is written in a clear, professional style with standard musical notation.

Fl. *sf p*

Ob. *sf p*

Cl. *sf p*

Fg. *sf p*

Cor. (C) *sf p*

Cor. (D) *stacc. e p*

Tr. (C)

Timp. *p*

VI. I *stacc. e p*

VI. II *stacc. e p*

Vla. *sf p* *stacc. e p*

Vlc. e Cb. *p* *sf* *n* *stacc. e p*

Musical score for measures 260-269. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor (D), Timp., Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score features various musical notations including rests, notes, and dynamic markings such as *p* and *sempre p*. A first ending bracket is present in the Flute part at the beginning of the section.

Musical score for measures 270-279. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor (D), Trumpet (Tr.), Timp., Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score features various musical notations including rests, notes, and dynamic markings such as *p*, *pp*, and *pizz.*. A first ending bracket is present in the Flute part at the beginning of the section.

280 141

Fl. *f p*

Ob. *1. > p*

Cl. *p f p*

Fg. *p*

Tr. (c)

Timp.

VI. I *f pp*

VI. II *arco sf p*

Vla. *arco sf p*

Vlc. *arco pp*

Fl. *dim.*

Ob. *dim.*

Cl. *dim.*

Fg. *dim.*

Cor. (c) *1.2. pp*

VI. I *p pp*

VI. II *p pp*

Vla. *f pp*

Vlc. *pp arco*

Cb. *pp*

poco rit.

a tempo

1.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

a 2

p

cresc.

al.

a tempo

a 2

Cor. (c)

pp

cresc.

al.

(D)

3.

pp

cresc.

al.

Tr. (c)

Timp.

tr

pp

cresc.

al.

a tempo

VI. I

cresc.

al.

VI. II

cresc.

al.

Vla.

pp

Vlc. e Cb.

pp a tempo

cresc.

al.

Fl. *f* *p* *cresc.* *a 2* 300

Ob. *f* *sf* *p*

Cl. *f* *sf* *p*

Fg. *a 2* *f* *p* *cresc.*

Cor. (C) *f* *p* *cresc.*

Cor. (D) *f* *p* *cresc.* *a 2*

Tr. (C) *f* *p* *cresc.* *a 2*

Timp. *f* *p* *cresc.*

VI. I *f* *p* *cresc.*

VI. II *f* *p* *cresc.*

Vla. *f* *p* *cresc.*

Vlc. e Cb. *f* *p* *cresc.*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 143. It contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor. (C) and (D)) and Trumpet (Tr. (C)). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score features dynamic markings such as *f* (forte), *p* (piano), *sf* (sforzando), and *cresc.* (crescendo). There are also performance instructions like *a 2* (second ending) and a tempo marking of 300. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The woodwinds and strings play melodic lines, while the brass and percussion provide harmonic support and rhythmic patterns.

Fl. *a 2*

Ob. *sf cresc.*

Cl. *sf cresc.*

Fg. *a 2*

Cor. (C) *f*

Cor. (D) *a 2*

Tr. (C) *a 2*

Timp. *ly*

VI. I *f*

VI. II *f*

Vla. *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *f*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 144. It contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor. (C) and (D)) and Trumpet (Tr. (C)). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score features dynamic markings such as *sf* (sforzando), *cresc.* (crescendo), and *f* (forte). There are also articulation marks like *ly* (lyric) and *a 2* (second ending). The notation includes various musical symbols like notes, rests, and slurs.

Fl. *a 2* *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Fg. *a 2* *ff* *f*

Cor. (c) *a 2* *ff* *f*

(D) *ff* *f*

Tr. (c) *ff* *f*

Timp. *tr* *ff*

VI. I *ff* *f*

VI. II *ff* *f*

Vla. *ff* *f*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff* *f*

Detailed description: This page of a musical score covers measures 310 through 313. The instrumentation includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cor. (c)), Trumpet (Tr. (c)), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). Measures 310 and 311 feature woodwinds and brass playing sustained notes with *ff* dynamics, while the strings play a rhythmic pattern. Measures 312 and 313 show a change in dynamics to *f* for the woodwinds and brass, and the strings continue their pattern. The Flute and Bassoon parts are marked with *a 2*, indicating a second ending or a specific articulation. The Timpani part includes a trill (tr) in measure 311. The Violin and Viola parts feature triplets in measures 312 and 313.

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *a 2* *ff*

Fg. *a 2* *f* *ff*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *f*

Cor. (D) *f*

Tr. (C) *f*

Timp.

VI. I *f*

VI. II *f*

Vla. *f* *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *f* *ff*

Detailed description: This page contains a musical score for measures 317 through 320. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor. C), Cor Anglais (Cor. D), and Trumpet (Tr. C). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello and Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). The score features various dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte), and articulation marks like accents and slurs. The woodwinds and strings play sustained notes with accents, while the brass and percussion provide rhythmic support. The Flute and Oboe parts have slurs over measures 318 and 319, and the Bassoon part has a slur over measure 320.

Fl. *a 2* *ff*

Ob. *a 2* *ff*

Cl. *a 2* *ff*

Fg. *a 2* *ff sf sf sf sf*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *ff sf sf*

Cor. (D) *a 2* *ff sf sf*

Tr. (C) *ff sf*

Timp.

Vi. I *ff*

Vi. II *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff sf sf sf sf*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 147. It features a full orchestral arrangement. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cor Anglais (Cor. C and D). The brass section includes Trumpet (Tr. C). The string section includes Violin I (Vi. I), Violin II (Vi. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello and Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.), and Timpani (Timp.). The score is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The music is in a dramatic, intense style, with many notes marked with accents and dynamic markings. The woodwinds and strings are playing a complex, rhythmic pattern. The brass instruments are playing a more melodic line. The overall texture is dense and powerful.

Fl. *a 2* 330 *a 2*

Ob. *a 2*

Cl. *a 2* *sempre ff*

Fg. *a 2* *ff* *sempre ff*

Cor. (C) *a 2* *sf* *sempre ff* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Cor. (D) *a 2* *f* *sempre ff* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Tr. (C) *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *a 2*

Timp. *ff*

VI. I *sempre ff* *sf* *sf* *sf*

VI. II *sempre ff* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Vla. *sempre ff*

Vlc. e Cb. *ff* *sempre ff*

340 a 2

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cor. (C)

Cor. (D)

Tr. (C)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc. e Cb.

ff

ff

ff

ff

Fl. *a 2* *sf* *dim.*
 Ob. *sf* *dim.*
 Cl. *a 2* *sf* *dim.*
 Fg. *sf* *dim.*
 Cor. (C) *a 2* *sf* *dim.*
 Cor. (D) *a 2* *sf* *dim.* *a 2*
 Tr. (C) *a 2* *sf* *ff dim.*
 Timp. *ff dim.*
 Vl. I *dim.* *sf*
 Vl. II *dim.* *sf*
 Vla. *dim.*
 Vlc. e Cb. *dim.*

The musical score is arranged in systems. The first system includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The second system includes Cor Anglais (Cor.) in C and D, and Trumpet (Tr.) in C. The third system includes Timpani (Timp.). The fourth system includes Violin I (Vl. I), Violin II (Vl. II), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello/Double Bass (Vlc. e Cb.). Dynamics include *sf* (sforzando), *dim.* (diminuendo), and *ff* (fortissimo). Rehearsal marks *a 2* are present above the Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, Cor Anglais, and Trumpet parts.

350 a 2

Fl. *p* *dim.*

Ob. *p* *dim.*

Cl. *p* *dim.*

Fg. *p* *dim.*

Cor. (C) a 2 *p* *dim.*

Cor. (D) a 2 *p* *dim.*

Tr. (C) *p* *dim.*

Timp. *p* *dim.*

VI. I *p* *dim.*

VI. II *p* *dim.*

Vla. *p* *dim.*

Vlc. e Cb. *p* *dim.*

360

Fl. *a 2 ten.* *pp*

Ob. *a 2 ten.* *pp*

Cl. *1.* *pp* *pp*

Cor. (c) *1. 2. ten.* *pp*

Tr. (c) *ten.* *pp*

VI. I *ppp*

VI. II *ppp*

Vlc. e Cb. *ppp*

370

Cl. *1.*

Fg. *1.* *pp* *espr.* *cresc.* *< >*

VI. I

VI. II

Vla. *ppp*

Vlc. e Cb.

375

380

Cl. 1. *dim.* *dim.*

Fg. 1. *dim.* *dim.*

VI. I *dim.* *pp*

VI. II *dim.* *pp*

Vla. *dim.* *pp*

Vlc. e Cb.

≡

390

Cl. 1. *pp*

Fg. 1. *pp*

VI. I *sempre pp*

VI. II *sempre pp*

Vla. *sempre pp*

Vlc. *sempre pp*

Cb. *sempre pp*

Allegro maestoso assai $\text{♩} = 104$ *marcato assai la melodia*

400

Cl. $\text{a}2$

Fg. *in A*

Cor. (A) *marcato assai la melodia*

Cor. (D)

Timp. *pp*

Vla. *div.*

Vlc. *mf*

Cb. *mf*

Cl. $\text{a}2$

Fg. $\text{a}2$

Cor. (A) *cresc.*

Cor. (D) *cresc.*

Timp. *cresc.*

Vla. *cresc.*

Vlc. *cresc.*

Cb. *cresc.*

410

Ob. *cresc.* *sf* *cresc.*

Cl. *cresc.* *sf* *cresc.*

Fg. *cresc.* *sf* *cresc.*

Cor. (D) *cresc.* *sf* *cresc.*

Tr. (D)

Timp. *tr*

VI. I *cresc.*

VI. II *cresc.*

Vla. *cresc.*

Vlc. *div.* *cresc.*

Cb. *cresc.*

Ob.
Cl.
Fg.
Cor.
(D)
Tr.
(D)
Timp.
Vl. I
Vl. II
Vla.
Vlc.
Cb.

cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.

The musical score for measures 185-188 features a variety of instruments. The woodwinds (Ob., Cl., Fg.) and brass (Cor., Tr.) parts are marked with a crescendo. The strings (Vl. I, Vl. II, Vla., Vlc., Cb.) also feature a crescendo. The timpani part includes a roll in measures 186 and 187, followed by a crescendo in measure 188. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4.

420

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(A)
Cor.

(D)

Tr.
(D)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

f *cresc.* *f* *al* *ff*

f *cresc.* *f* *al* *ff*

f *cresc.* *f* *al* *ff*

f *cresc.* *f* *al* *ff*

cresc. *al* *ff*

f *in D* *ff*

ff

cresc. *al* *ff*

cresc. *al* *ff*

cresc. *al* *ff*

cresc. *al* *ff*

cresc. *al* *ff*

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(A)
Cor.

(D)

Tr.
(D)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

The musical score is for measures 1 through 6 of a piece. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (A), and Cor Anglais (D). The brass section includes Trumpet (Tr.) and Trombone (D). The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The score features various musical notations including eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests. Dynamics such as *f* (forte) and *a 2* (second ending) are indicated. The Timpani part includes trill markings. The string parts provide a rhythmic and harmonic foundation.

430

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. a2

Fg. a2

Cor. (A)

Cor. (D)

Tr. (D)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cb.

This musical score page contains measures 430 through 433. The instruments are arranged in the following order from top to bottom: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in A (Cl. a2), Bassoon in A (Fg. a2), Cor Anglais (A) and Cor Anglais (D), Trumpet in D (Tr. (D)), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (VI. I), Violin II (VI. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first measure (430) starts with a forte (f) dynamic. The second measure (431) has a forte (f) dynamic. The third measure (432) has a forte (f) dynamic. The fourth measure (433) has a fortissimo (ff) dynamic. The score also includes accents and trills.

440

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

(A)
Cor.

(D)

Tr.
(D)

Timp.

VI. I

VI. II

Vla.
div.

Vlc.

Cb.

Fl. *a 2*

Ob. *a 2* *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Fg. *ff* *a 2*

Cor. (A) *a 2* *ff* $\langle \rangle$

Cor. (D) *a 2* *ff* $\langle \rangle$

Tr. (D) *a 2* *ff*

Timp. *ff*

VI. I *ff*

VI. II *ff*

Vla. *ff* *f*

Vlc. *ff* *f*

Cb. *ff*

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for orchestra, measures 162-165. The score is written for a full orchestra, including woodwinds, brass, percussion, and strings. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. The woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) and brass (Coronet, Trumpet) parts feature melodic lines with accents and dynamic markings. The percussion (Timpani) and string (Violin, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabass) parts provide harmonic support and rhythmic patterns. The score is arranged in a standard orchestral format, with woodwinds and brass in the upper staves and strings in the lower staves.

[illegible]

460

Fl. *a 2* *sf* *ff* *sf*

Ob. *a 2* *sf* *ff* *sf*

Cl. *a 2* *sf*

Fg. *a 2* *ff* *sf*

Cor. (A) *a 2* *ff* *ff*

Cor. (D) *a 2* *ff* *ff*

Tr. (D) *ff* *sf*

Timp. *ff* *sf*

Vl. I *sf* *ff* *sf*

Vl. II *ff* *sf*

Vla. *sf* *ff*

Vlc. *sf* *ff* *sf*

Cb. *ff* *sf*

460

This musical score page, numbered 165, contains staves for the following instruments: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (A), Cor Anglais (D), Trombone (Tr. (D)), Timpani (Timp.), Violin I (Vl. I), Violin II (Vl. II), Viola (Vla.), Violoncello (Vlc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The score is written in a key with two sharps (F# and C#) and a common time signature. It features various musical notations including slurs, ties, and dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The woodwind and brass sections have parts marked with *a 2*, indicating a second ending or a specific articulation. The string section provides a rhythmic and harmonic foundation, with the timpani featuring trill-like patterns. The overall texture is dense, typical of a late 19th or early 20th-century orchestral work.

Fl. *ff* *a 2* *sf* *a 2* *sf* *sf*

Ob. *ff* *a 2* *sf* *a 2* *sf* *sf*

Cl. *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Fg. *a 2* *ff* *sf* *a 2* *sf* *sf*

(A) *ff* *sf* *a 2* *sf* *sf*

Cor. (D) *ff* *sf* *a 2* *sf* *sf*

Tr. (D) *ff* *sf* *a 2* *sf* *sf*

Timp. *tr* *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Vl. I *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Vl. II *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Vla. *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Vlc. *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Con. *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

Fl. *sf* *a 2* *ff*

Ob. *sf* *a 2* *ff*

Cl. *sf* *ff*

Fg. *sf* *ff*

Cor. (A) *sf* *a 2* *ff*

Cor. (D) *sf* *ff*

Tr. (D) *sf* *a 2* *ff*

Timp. *sf* *ff*

Vl. I *sf* *ff*

Vl. II *sf* *ff*

Vla. *sf* *ff*

Vlc. *sf* *ff*

Cb. *sf* *ff*

Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl.
 Fg. *a 2*
 (A)
 Cor. (D)
 Tr. (D)
 Timp. *tr*
 Vl. I *sf* *ff*
 Vl. II *sf* *ff*
 Vla. *sf* *ff*
 Vlc. *sf* *ff*
 Cb. *sf* *ff*

The musical score is for measures 488, 489, and 490. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) and the brass section (Trumpet A, Trumpet D, Trombone D) play sustained notes with some melodic movement. The percussion section (Timpani) features a tremolo pattern. The string section (Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass) plays a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes, with dynamic markings of *sf* (sforzando) and *ff* (fortissimo).